

## Usklađivanje zakona o zaštiti okoliša u poljoprivredi s pravnim aktima Europske Unije

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### Sažetak

Ulaskom u Europsku uniju Republika Hrvatska će provoditi Zajedničku poljoprivrednu politiku (ZPP), koja regulira proizvodnju i prodaju poljoprivredno-prehrambenih proizvoda. Cilj politike je osigurati kvalitetu proizvoda uz prihvatljive cijene, pridonijeti zdravstvenoj ispravnosti proizvoda, očuvati ruralno nasljeđe, te poljoprivrednicima osigurati stabilan dohodak. Kao buduća članica Europske unije, Republika Hrvatska bi trebala uskladiti svoje zakonodavstvo, pravila i procedure sa zakonodavstvom sadržanim u tzv. “acquis communautaire“ (pravna stečevina). Jedan od uvjeta je bila i prilagodba poljoprivredne proizvodnje pravnim aktima i zakonima EU (poglavlje 11 – Poljoprivreda i ruralni razvitak) kao i briga o očuvanju okoliša zajedničkom politikom (poglavlje 27 – Okoliš). Cilj ovog rada jest proučiti problematiku s kojom se susreću poljoprivredni proizvođači, kao i vlasnici manjih obiteljskih poljoprivrednih gospodarstava na području Splitsko-dalmatinske županije, prilikom prilagodbe svoje proizvodnje ili poljoprivrednog gospodarstva zakonima Europske unije, a s ciljem ostvarivanja prava na izravna plaćanja, te korištenja sredstava iz fondova EU. Istraživanje je provedeno u obliku ankete, izravnom metodom na 137 ispitanika. Rezultati istraživanja govore o slaboj obaviještenosti i upoznatosti ispitanika sa zakonima EU te o potrebi daljnjeg educiranja i obaviještavanja poljoprivrednih proizvođača u pogledu prilagodbe proizvodnje i ostvarivanja prava na poticaje.

**Ključne riječi:** zakoni EU, ZPP, prilagodba poljoprivredne proizvodnje

## Adjustment of Croatian Environmental Protection Law to the European Union Agricultural Policy

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### Summary

Upon accession to the European Union, Croatia shall implement the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP), which regulates production and sale of agricultural and food products. The Policy objective is to assure quality of products at reasonable prices, to contribute to safety of products, to preserve rural heritage, and to provide stable income for farmers. As a future member country of the European Union, Croatia should adjust its legislation, laws and procedures with the legislation provided in the *acquis communautaire* (Community acquis). One of its conditions is adjustment of agricultural production to legal acts and regulations of the EU (Chapter 11 - Agriculture and Rural Development), as well as obligation for environment protection within common policy (Chapter 27 - Environment). The aim of this paper was to elaborate the problems faced by farmers and owners of small family farms in the area of Split-Dalmatia County, within the process of adjusting their production and agricultural farms to the EU laws, all with the aim to claim their rights for direct payments and the use of EU funds. The study was conducted as a survey, by a direct method on 137 examinees. The results showed that examinees were less informed and familiar with the EU laws. There is a need to further education and informing of agricultural producers to adjustment processes in agriculture and their rights for subsidies.

**Key words:** EU laws, CAP, adjustment of agricultural production