Regionalization of the grapevine endogenous varieties in eco-climate of Tirana

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Abstract

In this paper are presented results of a study of viticulture agro climatic zone occurred in the district of Tirana, in order to realize the local authorities to ensure an operational tool to support planning in the viticulture sector. Surface occupied by vineyards in this region, currently estimated to be about 300 ha, mainly concentrated in rural areas near the Albanian capital Tirana. Lands, where the vine is cultivated, are occupied mainly with indigenous cultivars as Çaush, Kumbullor, Shesh i Zi, Shesh i Bardhe, etc, and introductory cv , as : Victoria, Black Magic, Cabernet Sauvignon etc. Agro-climatic analysis intervention has observed rainfall, temperature, water consumption, specific indicators in the cultivation of the grapevine bioclimatic (Winkler, Huglin, and Branas Fregoni), ET0. The study enables us to develop way makrozonimi rural areas, specifically, in Tirana varieties and agronomic management techniques. Varieties selection and agronomic management techniques.

Key words: tregues Winkler, tregues Huglin, tregues Branas, ETO, grapevine endogenous

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